Instrument Rating Examiner (IRE(A)) Practical Training Report IR(A) Skill Test



A. Examiner Applicant Details.

 Applicant name (First & surname) 			
Date of birth			
License type & number			
Class/type rating expiry date			
IR Instructor rating expiry date			
Airplane class/type (SPA)			
Training Session number	2 Training Session		
	aining Assessment Result - Session 1.		
 Practical training assessment date 			
Duration of assessment			
Airplane type & number			
Assessment result	☐ Satisfactory (SAT)	☐ Satisfactory with Re	marks (SATW)
IRE(A) Name	License Number	Signature	Date
INE(A) Name	License Number	Signature	Date
I acknowledge the result of the pract IRE(A) Applicant Name	tical training assessment detailed above. Signature	Da	ate
Examiner Report - Complete for Sat	infactory with Romarka (SATM) Only	•	
Examiner Report - Complete for Sat	islaciory with Remarks (SATW) Only.		

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Applicant name	
Date of birth	

C. Pra	actical Training Assessments - Session 1.			
No	Practical Training Assessments Events	I Training Assessments Events Result		Remarks
	•	SAT	SATW	
		nsert exam	niner initials	
	on 1 - Briefing The 'Candidate'.			
	andidate' should be given time and facilities to prepare for the te	est flight. T	he briefino	should cover the following:
1.1	The objective of the flight			
1.2	Licensing checks, as necessary			
1.3	Freedom for the 'candidate' to ask questions			
1.4	Operating procedures to be followed (for example			
	operators manual)			
1.5	Weather assessment			
1.6	Operating capacity of 'candidate' and examiner			
1.7	Aims to be identified by 'candidate'			
1.8	Simulated weather assumptions (for example icing and cloud base)			
1.9	Contents of exercise to be performed			
1.10	Use of screens (if applicable)			
1.11	Agreed speed and handling parameters (for example V-			
	speeds, bank angle, approach minima)			
1.12	Use of R/T			
1.13	Respective roles of 'candidate' and examiner (for example during emergency)			
1.14	Administrative procedures (for example submission of			
	flight plan)			
		l .	1	
	on 2 - Conduct.			
	xaminer should maintain the necessary level of communication	on with th	e candida	te. The following check details should be
	ed by the examiner:			
2.1	Involvement of examiner in a MP operating environment			
2.2	The need to give the 'candidate' precise instructions			
2.3	Responsibility for safe conduct of the flight			
2.4	Intervention by examiner, when necessary			
2.5	Use of screens			
2.6	Liaison with ATC and the need for concise, easily understood intentions			
2.7	Prompting the 'candidate' regarding required sequence			
2.1	of events (for example following a go-around)			
2.8	Keeping brief, factual and unobtrusive notes			
2.0	recepting briot, factual and anobitative fields			
Section	on 3 - Assessment.			
The ex	caminer should refer to the flight test tolerances given in the rele	vant skill t	test. Attent	ion should be paid to the following points:
3.1	Questions from the 'candidate'			
3.2	Give results of the test and any sections failed			
3.3	Give reasons for failure			
	on 4 - Debriefing.			
	xaminer should demonstrate the ability to conduct a fair, unbia			
	A balance between friendliness and firmness should be evident	t. The follo	wing point	is should be discussed with the 'candidate',
	applicant's discretion:		1	
4.1	Advise the candidate how to avoid or correct mistakes			
4.2	Mention any other points of criticism noted			
4.3	Give any advice considered helpful			
Section	on 5 - Recording - Documentation.			
The ex	caminer should demonstrate the ability to complete the relevant	records co	orrectly. Th	nese records may be:
5.1	The relevant test or check form	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
5.2	License entry			
5.3	Notification of failure form			
5.4	Relevant company forms where the examiner has privileges			
J. 1	of conducting operator proficiency checks			
I			·	
Section	on 6 - Demonstration of Theoretical Knowledge.			
6.1	The examiner should demonstrate a satisfactory knowledge			
	of the regulatory requirements associated with the function			
	of an examiner			

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Applicant name					
Date of birth					
). Examiner Applicant Practical Training Assessment Result - Session 2.					
Practical training assessment date					
Duration of assessment					
Airplane type & number	(2.2)				
Assessment result	☐ Satisfactory (SAT)	☐ Unsatisfactory (USAT)		
IRE(A) Name	License Number	Signature	Date		
 I acknowledge the result of the prace 	tical training assessment detailed above				
IRE(A) Applicant Name	Signature	Dat	te		
Examiner Report - Complete for United States	satisfactory (USAT) Only.				
December detien					
Recommendation					
☐ Recommended for assessment of c	competence				
□ "Recommended for additional traini	□ *Recommended for additional training				

*The CAA should determine any further training required before presenting the candidate for the examiner assessment of competence.

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Applicant name	
Date of birth	

E. Pr	actical Training Assessments - Session 2.						
No	Practical Training Assessments Events Result Remarks			Remarks			
	•	SAT	USAT				
		Insert exam	niner initials	3			
	Section 1 - Briefing The 'Candidate'.						
	andidate' should be given time and facilities to prepare for the te	est flight. T	he briefing	should cover the following:			
1.1	The objective of the flight						
1.2	Licensing checks, as necessary						
1.3	Freedom for the 'candidate' to ask questions						
1.4	Operating procedures to be followed (for example						
1 5	operators manual) Weather assessment						
1.5 1.6	Operating capacity of 'candidate' and examiner						
1.7	Aims to be identified by 'candidate'						
1.8	Simulated weather assumptions (for example icing and						
1.0	cloud base)						
1.9	Contents of exercise to be performed						
1.10	Use of screens (if applicable)						
1.11	Agreed speed and handling parameters (for example V-						
	speeds, bank angle, approach minima)						
1.12	Use of R/T						
1.13	Respective roles of 'candidate' and examiner (for						
	example during emergency)						
1.14	Administrative procedures (for example submission of						
	flight plan)						
Conti	an 2 Conduct						
	on 2 - Conduct. xaminer should maintain the necessary level of communication	on with th	o candida	to. The following check details should be			
	ed by the examiner:	OH WILH LIF	e canulua	te. The following check details should be			
2.1	Involvement of examiner in a MP operating environment						
2.2	The need to give the 'candidate' precise instructions						
2.3	Responsibility for safe conduct of the flight						
2.4	Intervention by examiner, when necessary						
2.5	Use of screens						
2.6	Liaison with ATC and the need for concise, easily						
	understood intentions						
2.7	Prompting the 'candidate' regarding required sequence						
	of events (for example following a go-around)						
2.8	Keeping brief, factual and unobtrusive notes						
Section 3 - Assessment.							
	caminer should refer to the flight test tolerances given in the rele	want skill t	act Attant	ion should be paid to the following points:			
3.1	Questions from the 'candidate'	vant skin t	est. Attent	ion should be paid to the following points.			
3.2	Give results of the test and any sections failed						
3.3	Give reasons for failure						
0.0	CIVO I GAGOGITO TOT TAILATO						
Section	on 4 - Debriefing.						
	xaminer should demonstrate the ability to conduct a fair, unbi						
	A balance between friendliness and firmness should be eviden	t. The follo	wing point	s should be discussed with the 'candidate',			
	applicant's discretion:	1					
4.1	Advise the candidate how to avoid or correct mistakes						
4.2	Mention any other points of criticism noted						
4.3	Give any advice considered helpful						
Section	on 5 - Recording - Documentation.						
	caminer should demonstrate the ability to complete the relevant	records co	orrectly Th	lese records may be:			
5.1	The relevant test or check form	1000100 00	oncoury. In	lede rederde may be:			
5.2	License entry						
5.3	Notification of failure form						
5.4	Relevant company forms where the examiner has privileges						
	of conducting operator proficiency checks						
	<u> </u>						
	on 6 - Demonstration of Theoretical Knowledge.	, ·	1				
6.1	The examiner should demonstrate a satisfactory knowledge						
	of the regulatory requirements associated with the function of an examiner						

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F. IR(A) Skill Test - Expanded Guidance and Additional Explanations.

The use of checklist, airmanship, anti-icing/de-icing procedures, etc., apply in all sections. To the exception of items (j), (k) and (l) in section 1 and section 3a, the flight shall be conducted by sole reference to instruments. Items (c), (g) and (h) in sections 4 and 5 can be performed in either section. Item (d) in section 2 may be performed in an FNPTII, FTD 2/3 or FFS; the FSTD used shall represent the same airplane type/class and variant used for the skill test.

No	Maneuvers/Procedures	Expanded Guidance & Additional Explanations of Skill Test	Remarks
SEC	TION 1 - Pre-Flight Operations	and Departure	
а	Use of flight manual (or equivalent) especially a/c performance calculation, mass and balance	Complete mass and balance schedule Calculate airplane performance criteria and limitations applicable to runway and departure; make adjustments if required for actual conditions before take-off. Verify and open linear of airplane degements.	
b	Use of Air Traffic Services document, weather document	Verify availability and compliance of airplane documents Use of suitable and correct documents, including maps; charts and approach procedure plates to prepare flight plan and flight log Obtain and assess all elements of the prevailing and forecast weather conditions Obtain and assess all aeronautical information and NOTAMs; where applicable complete a RAIM check (AUGUR) and consults NANUs for updated information on constellation status and advisories	
С	Preparation of ATC flight plan, IFR flight plan/log	Complete an appropriate flight navigation log Complete the required ATC flight plan(s) and ensures that all required airfields are addressed Determine that the airplane is correctly fueled, loaded and legal for the flight. Confirm any airplane performance criteria and limitations applicable in relation to runway, departure and weather conditions Demonstrate sufficient knowledge of the regulatory requirements relating to instrument flight	
d	Identification of the required nav aids for departure, arrival and approach procedures	Set and identifies the appropriate nav aids, respectively set-up FMS, for take-off and departure, including emergency return, if relevant Set and identifies the appropriate nav aids, respectively set-up FMS for approach and landing, if already possible	
е	Pre-flight inspection	Perform all elements of the airplane pre-flight inspections as applicable to the actual or simulated weather conditions, assuming the risk of icing conditions Confirm that the airplane is in a serviceable and safe conditionfor flight Check and completes all necessary documentation Take appropriate action with respect to any identified unsatisfactory conditions Confirm that the necessary navigation databases are current and thatthe planned RNAV approaches are available	
f	Weather Minima	Assess the weather affecting the departure, route, destination and alternate Determine the expected instrument approach minima and decision a latitude Candidate will be expected to operate to the minimum weather conditions defined by the operating rules and airborne equipment limitation	
g	Taxiing	Complete all recommended taxying checks and procedures Comply with airport markings and signals Follow ATC instructions	
h	PBN departure (if applicable): - Check that the correct procedure has been loaded in the navigation system; and - Cross-check between the navigation system display and the departure chart	Verify that the correct procedure has been loaded in the FMS, cross check way points and constrains with the departure chart Verify that the correct navigation source is displayed and used	
i	Pre-take-off briefing, Take-off	Verify that applicable minimums can be complied with Brief cleared departure and constrains, verify correct set-up of NAV/COM/FMS Brief change of COM frequency after take-off if applicable. Brief runway status, T/O performance and speeds, SID climb requirements Brief emergency-procedures	

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No	Maneuvers/Procedures	Expanded Guidance & Additional Explanations of Skill Test	Remarks
j	Transition to instrument flight	Transition to instrument flying before entering IMC, respectivelysimulated	
		IMC Establish a stable flight path in trim	
		Don sight-limiting device, as necessary	
k	Instrument departure procedures, including PBN	Follow SID and/or ATC instructions Stay within the applicable navigation tolerances	
	departures, and altimeter	Comply with altitude and speed restrictions, as published or cleared	
	setting	Apply correct altimeter setting procedure	
'	ATC liaison - compliance, R/T procedures	Demonstrate standard R/T procedures and phraseology Switch COM frequencies as published or requested	
		Demonstrate compliance with ATC instructions	
SEC	TION 2 - General Handling		
а	Control of the airplane by	Demonstrate control of heading, altitude and airspeed in straight and	
	reference solely to	level manual flight by reference to instruments	
	instruments, including level flight at various speeds, trim	Demonstrate correct use of trim.	
b	Climbing and descending	Demonstrate performing correct rate1 turns by use of different instruments	
	turns with sustained Rate 1 turn	and cross-check by timing the heading change. During climb and descent	
С	Recoveries from unusual	Recognize the situation and initiate prompt and correct recovery action	
	attitudes, including sustained 45° bank turns and steep	Continue recovery action without exceeding any airplane limitations Complete all necessary checks and drills	
	descending turns	- Complete an necessary cheeks and anna	
d	Recovery from approach to	Establish the stall entry as appropriate from straight or turning flight and select the required simpless configuration.	
	stall in level flight, climbing/ descending turns and in	select the required airplane configuration Recognize the symptoms of incipient and full stalls	
	landing configuration	Recover systematically by reducing the AoA and then re-establishing a	
		safe and stable flight path Complete all necessary checks and drills	
е	Limited panel: stabilized climb	Control the airplane without use of gyro heading and attitudeinstruments	
	or descent, level turns at Rate 1 onto given headings,	within the nominated limits Complete flight in straight and level, and climbing and descending, at	
	recovery from unusual	nominated speeds. Turns flown at Rate 1 onto nominated headings,	
	attitudes	using the correct technique and demonstrating correct instrument scan	
		and interpretation - Recognize the situation, establish trustworthy information, and initiate	
		prompt and correct recovery action	
SEC	TION 3 - En-Route IFR Procedu	ıres	
а	Tracking, including	Demonstrate systematic interception procedure onto given tracks or	
	interception, e.g. NDB, VOR,	radials, using the navigation means assigned by the Examiner	
	or track between waypoints	Demonstrate systematic wind correction procedure Stay within the applicable navigation tolerances	
b	Use of navigation system and	Demonstrate proficiency in setting, identifying and using navigation aids.	
	radio aids	Demonstrate proficiency in programming waypoints, tracks and airways into FMS	
		Understand the applicability and limitations of the different navigation	
С	Level flight, control of	systems. • Demonstrate competence at controlling and maneuvering theairplane by	
	heading, altitude and	sole reference to instruments	
	airspeed, power setting, trim	Maintain the heading, altitude and speed as computed in navigationlog, ATC or but to Exercise within the present that the present the state of	
	technique	respectively assigned by ATC or by the Examiner, within the prescribed limits	
		Use an appropriate instrument scanning and cross check technique to	
d	Altimeter settings	maintain the flight within prescribes limits • Set and cross checks altimeters, to QNH or standard pressure setting, as	
		per applicable ATC regulations and aircraft system requirements	
е	Timing and revision of ETAs (en-route hold, if required)	Advise ATC when ETA would exceed the applicable requirement Use correct holding entry	
	(chriodie noid, il required)	Make the necessary wind and time corrections	
	Managarata at 1700 La	Comply with applicable speed restrictions	
f	Monitoring of flight progress, flight log, fuel usage, systems'	Maintain a navigation log to monitor flight progress and fuel situation Observe en-route weather and adjust altitude and/or route as necessary	
	management	to ensure flight safety, comfort or efficiency, in coordinationwith ATC	
		Use appropriate means to update weather information concerning the conduct of the flight or possible diversion planning.	
		conduct of the flight or possible diversion-planning	

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No	Maneuvers/Procedures	Expanded Guidance & Additional Explanations of Skill Test	Remarks
			Remarks
g	Ice protection procedures, simulated if necessary	Demonstrate adequate icing conditions situation awareness,in relation to de/ant-ice protection system capabilities Demonstrate proper usage of the de/anti-icing protection system Demonstrate adequate decision making to maintain a safe flight	
h	ATC liaison - compliance, R/T procedures	Maintain two -way R/T communication using correct phraseology throughout Demonstrate correct knowledge of com-failure-procedures Comply with ATC clearances and instructions	
SEC	TION 3a - Arrival Procedures		
а	Setting and checking of navigational aids, and identification of facilities, if applicable	Define an adequate nav setting strategy to fly the arrival and approach Set and identify the required navigation aids, respectively set-upthe FMS	
b	Arrival procedures, altimeter checks	Listen to ATIS or request the arrival information from ATC Set and cross checks altimeters to QNH as per applicable ATC regulations	
С	Altitude and speed constraints, if applicable	Plan and manage descent profile in anticipation of altitude and speed constrains Comply with applicable altitude and speed restriction	
d	PBN arrival (if applicable): - Check that the correct procedure has been loaded in the navigation system; and - Cross-check between the navigation system display and the arrival chart.	Verify that the correct procedure has been loaded in the FMS, cross-check waypoints and constrains with the relevant arrival chart Verify that the correct navigation source is displayed and used	
SEC	TION 4 - 3D Operations		
а	Setting and checking of navigational aids Check Vertical Path angle for RNP APCH: - Check that the correct procedure has been loaded in the navigation system; and - Cross-check between the navigation system display and the approach chart.	Set and identify the relevant navigation aids, respectively load and verify the applicable procedure Confirm the availability and serviceability of selected navigation aids, respectively GNSS/SBAS level of service, or RAIM availability, if applicable Monitor approach activation	
b	Approach and landing briefing, including descent/approach/ landing checks, including identification of facilities	Brief approach to be used and automation level, determine minimum Verify suitability of current weather conditions Brief approach and go-around path, including altitudes and speeds Confirm approach preparation and navigation setting Complete the checks for approach	
С	Holding procedure	Use correct holding entry Make the necessary wind and time corrections Comply with applicable speed restrictions	
d	Compliance with published approach procedure	Comply with the published approach procedures Crosscheck GS/GP intercept position and verify altimeter settings At the DA decide on approach continuation or initiate a go-around	
е	Approach timing	Monitor or control the approach procedure using timing, as necessary	·
f	Altitude, speed heading control (stabilized approach)	 Establish the final approach and maintain the approach path inhorizontal and vertical profile to DA Establish the appropriate airplane configuration and airspeed for the different approach phases Control the airplane to achieve a stable and trimmed final approach path with the defined configuration At DA acquire visual references to continue to land or initiate missedapproach 	
g	Go-around action	Promptly establish the airplane in a safe climb and reconfigure accordingly Ensure that suitable lateral and vertical navigation is displayed Inform ATC when time permit	
h	Missed approach procedure/landing	Follow assigned missed approach procedure, or Continue to land	
i	ATC liaison – compliance, R/T procedures	Demonstrate standard R/T procedures and phraseology Demonstrate compliance with ATC instructions Know the applicable com-loss procedure	

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No	Maneuvers/Procedures	Expanded Guidance & Additional Explanations of Skill Test	Remarks		
SEC	SECTION 5 - 2D Operations				
а	Setting and checking of navigational aids For RNP APCH: - Check that the correct procedure has been loaded in the navigation system; and - Cross-check between the navigation system display and the approach chart.	Set and identify the relevant navigation aids, respectively load and verify the applicable procedure Confirm the availability and serviceability of selected navigation aids, respectively GNSS/SBAS level of service, or RAIM availability, if applicable Monitor approach activation			
b	Approach and landing briefing, including descent/approach/ landing checks, including identification of facilities Holding procedure	Brief approach to be used and automation level, determine minimum Verify suitability of current weather conditions Brief approach and go-around path, including altitudes and speeds Confirm approach preparation and navigation setting Complete the checks for approach Use correct holding entry			
	Flording procedure	Make the necessary wind and time corrections Comply with applicable speed restrictions			
d	Compliance with published approach procedure	Comply with the published approach procedures, using a CDFA technique Anticipate the final descent to be established on the nominated approach path at the defined speed and configuration Never encroach the published minimum descent altitude steps At the DA, respectively MAP, decide on approach continuation or initiate a go-around			
е	Approach timing	Monitor or control the approach procedure using timing, as required			
f	Altitude/Distance to MAPT, speed, heading control (stabilized approach), Step Down Fixes (SDF(s)), if applicable	Anticipate the final descent to be established on the nominated approach path at the defined speed and configuration Monitor vertical position on the nominated approach path with the provided altitude/distance table, respectively altitude/time table Establish the appropriate airplane configuration and airspeed for the different approach phases Control the airplane to achieve a stable and trimmed final approach path with the defined configuration At DA acquire visual references to continue to land or initiate missed approach			
g	Go-around action	Promptly establish the airplane in a safe climb and reconfigure accordingly Ensure that suitable lateral and vertical navigation is displayed Inform ATC when time permit			
h	Missed approach procedure/landing	Follow assigned missed approach procedure, or Continue to land			
i	ATC liaison - compliance, R/T procedures	Demonstrate standard R/T procedures and phraseology Demonstrate compliance with ATC instructions			
SEC	TION 6 - Flight with One Engin	e Inoperative (multi-engine airplanes only)			
а	Simulated engine failure after take-off or on go-around	Maintain control of airplane by sole reference to instruments Identify failed engine, complete checks and drills, establish safe climb at VYSE in trim Follow planned IMC escape route (OEI procedure), as briefed			
b	Approach, go-around and procedural missed approach with one engine inoperative	Fly a stable OEI approach with the appropriate configuration Make a clear decision to land/go-around at or before appropriate asymmetric committal altitude/height (ACH) At the ACH initiate a safe OEI go-around to a OEI climb, with the appropriate configuration Ensure that suitable lateral and vertical navigation is displayed Follow assigned missed approach procedure			
С	Approach and landing with one engine inoperative	 Fly a stable OEI approach with the appropriate configuration Make a clear decision to land/go-around at or before appropriate asymmetric committal altitude/height (ACH) At the ACH, establish visual reference and continue for an OEI landing 			
d	ATC liaison – compliance, R/T procedures.	Inform ATC of situation and intention Inform ATC of limitations, capability, and support/assistance needed Demonstrate standard R/T procedures and phraseology			

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G. Standard of Completion.

To pass the IR(A) Skill Test, the Candidate shall demonstrate the ability to:

- (1) Operate the airplane within its limitations;
- (2) Completes all maneuvers with smoothness and accuracy;
- (3) Exercise good judgment and airmanship; that is, to consistently use good judgement and well-developed knowledge, skills and attitudes to accomplish flight objectives;
- (4) Apply aeronautical knowledge;
- (5) Maintains control of the airplane at all times in such a manner that the successful outcome of a procedure or maneuver is never seriously in doubt;
- (6) Stays within the following limits. Those tolerances are for general guidance; the Examiner should make allowance for turbulent conditions and the handling qualities and performance of the airplane used:

Height:	Generally,	± 100 ft
_	Starting a go-around at DA	+ 50/-0 ft
	minimum descent altitude	+ 50/-0 ft
Heading	All engines operating speed	± 5 knots
	With simulated engine failure	+ 10/-5 knots (ME only)
Speed:	All engines operating	± 5 knots
	With simulated engine failure	+ 10/-5 knots (ME only)
Tracking:	On radio aids	±5°
•	Angular deviation (e.g. ILS, LPV)	1/2 scale lateral and vertical
	Linear lateral deviation (e.g. LNAV)	½ RNP value of the procedure
	Linear vertical deviation (e.g. LNAV/baro VNAV)	< 75 ft below the vertical profile, and
		< 75 ft above the vertical profile when less than 1'000 ft
		AAL

Compared to requirements (1) and (6), completion standards (2) to (5) do not rely on quantitative tolerances, but on qualitative ones. Usage of guidance provided in para G should provide for a fact-based and consistent assessment and decision of those qualitative requirements.

Pass Marks. An applicant shall pass all the relevant sections of the skill test. If any item in a section is failed, that section is failed. Failure in more than one section will require the applicant to take the entire test again. An applicant failing only one section shall only repeat the failed section. Failure in any section of the retest, including those sections that have been passed on a previous attempt, will require the applicant to take the entire test again. All relevant sections of the skill test shall be completed within 6 months. Failure to achieve a pass in all relevant sections of the test in two attempts will require further training.

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H. IR(A) Skill Test - Knowledge, Skills and Attitude Assessment Guidance.

The following tables are designed to give the Examiner guidance when assessing the Knowledge, Skills and Attitudes required by the Candidate to successfully complete each section of the test. It should aid the Examiner to assess the standard of completion elements laid down in Para F under (2) to (5), and determine the result.

For each section a brief narrative of the section's objectives is provided, together with the most relevant KSAs.

rui ea	ch section a brief narrative of the section's objectives is provided, together with the most relevant KSAs.	
Sectio	n 1 - Pre-flight Operation and Departure	Remarks
	ng and preparation of a safe and compliant flight, including the usage of TEM. Safe and compliantusage of the airplane	
	ground and during the transition to flight	
	Applicable regulations (rules of the air, operational, licensing)	
Knowledge	Weather information interpretation and understanding	
<u>6</u>	NOTAMs interpretation and understanding	
>	Aircraft flight manual structure, relevant information usage	
Š	Aeronautical charts interpretation and usage	
_	Radio communication procedures and standard phraseology	
	Flight preparation information retrieval	
_	Searching in official reference documents (e.g. AFM, AIP)	
Skill	Standard SOP and checklist usage	
(C)	Smooth aircraft handling	
	Communicate clearly and assertively	
	Looking for information and assess them critically	
Attitude	Safety-minded rather than mission-minded	
.⊒	Take effective decisions	
¥	Assertive when in doubt	
	Aware of his limited experience and abilities	
Caatia	n 2 Canada Handling	Domorko
	n 2 - General Handling	Remarks
	nd smooth airplane operation by sole reference to instruments throughout the certified flight envelope, awareness of the	
	pe limits and how to return to a safe flight, should an excursion occur	
Knowledge	Aircraft pitch-power-configuration values Page 1975 - Aircra	
ě	Recovery procedures from an unusual aircraft state (stall, approach to stall, unusual attitude)	
8	Causes of load-factor increase and effect on stall speed	
ξ	Critical airspeeds (e.g. Vs, Vne, Vno, Va) and respective ASI markings	
	Control of the airplane by sole reference to instruments	
_	Establish stabilized flight path in trim, with the required power, airspeed, or vertical speed, as required	
Skill	Smooth, precise, and coordinated aircraft handling	
S	Smooth flight path changes, following the established SOPs	
	Correct and systematic application of recovery drills	
	Acquire and update his knowledge about his position and potential threats (e.g. traffic, terrain, flight path,)	
Attitude	weather, icing) and consider their future evolution	
鼍	Set priorities (Fly, Navigate, Communicate, Manage)	
¥	Assertive, seek clarification of doubts and misunderstandings before acting	
	Assertive, seek diamination of doubts and misunderstandings before detring	
	n 3 - En-route IFR Procedures	Remarks
	ting safely and effectively en-route under IFR, in compliance with the regulation; monitoring the flight and	
mainta	ining an awareness of the changing environment; implementing adequate solutions as necessary	
<u>e</u>	Navigation charts legend and charts interpretation	
Knowledge	Operational flight plan usage	
×	Onboard navigation and communication equipment use and limitation	
2	Applicable regulation (airspace class, en-route altitude)	
ᅩ	Radiotelephony requirements, procedures, and applicable standard phraseology	
	IFR charts reading (understanding and usage of information)	
_	Proficient usage of onboard navigation and communication equipment	
Skill	Smooth tracking of radio-navigation track, while maintaining altitude	
S	Communicate clearly, assertively, and in due time	
	Weather situation understanding	
	Aware of the current situation and its possible evolution, and proactively generating options	
ge	Set priorities (Fly, Navigate, Communicate, Manage) and manage workload	
ţŢ	Take effective decisions, displaying leadership	
Attitude	Conservative in regard to weather threats (icing, convective weather)	
٧	Ready and willing to seek assistance as necessary (e.g. from ATC)	

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	1	
Section	on 3a – Arrival Procedures	Remarks
safe a	and systematic arrival procedure and instrument approach preparation; structured nav aids setup, briefing and checks.	
	vation of constrains and safe altitudes. Clear and timely communication with ATC	
	Instrument arrival procedures, instrument approach chart reading, briefing structure and purpose	
þ	Application of minima and limitations (ceiling, visibility, wind)	
Knowledge	General weather situations and specific local weather phenomena	
1 .2	Knowledge of advanced navigation and warning systems (e.g FMS, GNSS)	
_ 		
Skill	Adherence to instrument arrival procedures,	
Š	Applicable standard communication phraseology	
	Handling of advanced navigation and warning systems (e.g. FMS, GNSS)	
<u>0</u>	Awareness of weather development and traffic restrictions	
Ę	Importance of throughout preparation and knowledge of IFR procedures	
Attitude	Importance of insight into advanced navigation systems	
⋖	Assertive radiotelephony communication	
Castia	A 2D Opposition	Damanla
	on 4 - 3D Operations	Remarks
	compliant and structured 3D approach preparation and conduct; stable vertical and lateral tracking to DA; establishment	
	ual references and continuation for a safe landing, otherwise initiation of a go-around	
Knowledge	Obstacle clearance margin along the different approach segments	
ě	Stable approach criteria	
8	Governing minima and conditions to start and continue the approach	
조	Effect of wind and wind correction method	
	Identification of approach aid, respectively monitoring of approach activation	
≡	Positive verification of GS/GP intercept position	
Skill	Airplane control to achieve a stable and trimmed final approach path	
1	Missed approach procedure and guidance activation	
	Assertive decision making in case of unsterilized approach	
g	Assertive decision making in ease of distormized approach Assertive decision making if visual references are not acquired at DA	
∄	Consideration of alternatives (holding, alternate airports, diversions etc.)	
Attitude	Awareness of weather evolution and fuel situation	
	Awareness of weather evolution and fuer struction	
Section	n 5 – 2D Operations	Remarks
	compliant and structured 2D approach preparation and conduct; monitored vertical profilewith adequate adjustments to	
	mooth corrections to visually align the plane with the runway on the correct final path	
	Obstacle clearance margin along the different approach segments	
e e	Stable approach criteria	
ğ	Governing minima and conditions to start and continue the approach	
×	Effect of wind and wind correction method	
Knowledge	Enock of white and white obligation modified	
		
	Identification of approach aid, respectively monitoring of approach activation	
l _	Point of descent anticipation	
Skill	Airplane control to achieve a stable and trimmed final approach path	
တ	Monitoring of altitude/distance, respectively altitude/time	
	Missed approach procedure and guidance activation	
	Assertive decision making in case of unsterilized approach	
itude	Assertive decision making if visual references are not acquired at DA	
三葉	Consideration of alternatives (holding, alternate airports, diversions etc.)	
Att	Awareness of weather evolution and fuel situation	
Conti-	n C. Flight with One Engine Incorptive/multi-angine Airelance and A	Damerica
	on 6 - Flight with One Engine Inoperative(multi-engine Airplanes only)	Remarks
	asymmetric operation, by sole reference to instruments, during and after engine failure; OEI flight path management	
auring	take-off, climb, approach, landing, and go-around; OEI escape route considerations	
Ð	Multi-engine specific speeds, relevance and markings (e.g. Vsse, Vxse, Vyse, Vmca)	
Ō		
0	Automation and flight director limitations under OEI conditions	
led	Anti/de-icing limitations under OEI conditions	
owled	Anti/de-icing limitations under OEI conditions Performance requirements for IFR procedures and that only normal operations are considered	
Knowledge	Anti/de-icing limitations under OEI conditions Performance requirements for IFR procedures and that only normal operations are considered Determination of suitable escape route (OEI procedure)	
Knowled	Anti/de-icing limitations under OEI conditions Performance requirements for IFR procedures and that only normal operations are considered Determination of suitable escape route (OEI procedure) Standard phraseology for emergency and abnormal situation	
Knowled	Anti/de-icing limitations under OEI conditions Performance requirements for IFR procedures and that only normal operations are considered Determination of suitable escape route (OEI procedure) Standard phraseology for emergency and abnormal situation Maintain aircraft control, by sole reference to instruments, and establish a stable flight path, during and	
Knowled	Anti/de-icing limitations under OEI conditions Performance requirements for IFR procedures and that only normal operations are considered Determination of suitable escape route (OEI procedure) Standard phraseology for emergency and abnormal situation	
	Anti/de-icing limitations under OEI conditions Performance requirements for IFR procedures and that only normal operations are considered Determination of suitable escape route (OEI procedure) Standard phraseology for emergency and abnormal situation Maintain aircraft control, by sole reference to instruments, and establish a stable flight path, during and	
Skill Knowled	Anti/de-icing limitations under OEI conditions Performance requirements for IFR procedures and that only normal operations are considered Determination of suitable escape route (OEI procedure) Standard phraseology for emergency and abnormal situation Maintain aircraft control, by sole reference to instruments, and establish a stable flight path, during and after engine failure Timely execution of emergency drills and proper use of the applicable checklists	
	Anti/de-icing limitations under OEI conditions Performance requirements for IFR procedures and that only normal operations are considered Determination of suitable escape route (OEI procedure) Standard phraseology for emergency and abnormal situation Maintain aircraft control, by sole reference to instruments, and establish a stable flight path, during and after engine failure	
	Anti/de-icing limitations under OEI conditions Performance requirements for IFR procedures and that only normal operations are considered Determination of suitable escape route (OEI procedure) Standard phraseology for emergency and abnormal situation Maintain aircraft control, by sole reference to instruments, and establish a stable flight path, during and after engine failure Timely execution of emergency drills and proper use of the applicable checklists Adapt aircraft configuration for single-engine operation Proper usage of specific aircraft systems under OEI condition (e.g. pressurization, anti/de-icing)	
Skill	 Anti/de-icing limitations under OEI conditions Performance requirements for IFR procedures and that only normal operations are considered Determination of suitable escape route (OEI procedure) Standard phraseology for emergency and abnormal situation Maintain aircraft control, by sole reference to instruments, and establish a stable flight path, during and after engine failure Timely execution of emergency drills and proper use of the applicable checklists Adapt aircraft configuration for single-engine operation Proper usage of specific aircraft systems under OEI condition (e.g. pressurization, anti/de-icing) Proper usage of standard phraseology to inform ATC and seek appropriate assistance 	
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Skill	Anti/de-icing limitations under OEI conditions Performance requirements for IFR procedures and that only normal operations are considered Determination of suitable escape route (OEI procedure) Standard phraseology for emergency and abnormal situation Maintain aircraft control, by sole reference to instruments, and establish a stable flight path, during and after engine failure Timely execution of emergency drills and proper use of the applicable checklists Adapt aircraft configuration for single-engine operation Proper usage of specific aircraft systems under OEI condition (e.g. pressurization, anti/de-icing) Proper usage of standard phraseology to inform ATC and seek appropriate assistance Appreciation for the performance limitations and adoption of a conservative planningapproach Assessment of the current situation under OEI operation	
	Anti/de-icing limitations under OEI conditions Performance requirements for IFR procedures and that only normal operations are considered Determination of suitable escape route (OEI procedure) Standard phraseology for emergency and abnormal situation Maintain aircraft control, by sole reference to instruments, and establish a stable flight path, during and after engine failure Timely execution of emergency drills and proper use of the applicable checklists Adapt aircraft configuration for single-engine operation Proper usage of specific aircraft systems under OEI condition (e.g. pressurization, anti/de-icing) Proper usage of standard phraseology to inform ATC and seek appropriate assistance Appreciation for the performance limitations and adoption of a conservative planningapproach	

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